THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 2066. COLORADO SPRINGS, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1883. Price, Five Cents

GENERAL MATTERS.

Great Destitution Reported from the Flooded Districts.

Parnell Replies to the Charges of Forster.

The Senate Again Wrestling with the Mormon Evil.

The Floods

INDIANAPOLIS, February 23.—The relief committee of this city are receiving large contributions from other cities for the flooded districts. The amount thus far received will aggregate $20,000, five thousand of which is from Boston and seven thousand from James Gordon Bennett, of the N. Y. Herald. The relief party found the most complete destitution in many localities. One family of seven in the vicinity of Alton was found encamped on a hillside with nothing but a few boards to shelter them and nothing to live on. An old man and his wife were found in a loft without food.

CINCINNATI, February 23.—The effects of the flood on railroads are now practically removed. The Ohio & Mississippi, threatened most, comes out of the ordeal with its track much better than expected and has resumed all through and local trains.

MEMPHIS, February 23.—High water has caused the abandonment of trains. The Memphis & Little Rock railway has resumed.

Parnell's Reply.

LONDON, February 23.—There was much excitement in the commons at the opening of the session this afternoon, as it was expected Parnell would speak in answer to charges against him by Forster yesterday. There were were a large number in the lobbies, unable to find room in the house. The strangers' gallery and peers' gallery were filled and the seats of all members reserved.

Parnell said the utmost that he desired to do was to make his position clear to the Irish people at home and abroad. He did not care to impress his opinion on the house or on England. Forster, he said, ought to be ashamed for traducing him. He declined to reply to Forster's questions and charged the gentleman with having asked him (Parnell) to disclose the secrets of his associates. If Forster had believed the articles published in the Irish World likely to incite crime why had he not stopped the circulation of that paper. He compared the responsibility of Forster, who had read the articles and believed what the result would be, to that of himself who never read them though they were brought against him.

Forster had unfairly singled out Sheridan, as mentioned in the Kilmainham treaty negotiations. Why did he suppress the names of Davitt, Egan and Boynton, also mentioned as likely to endeavor to prevent outrage in Ireland.

Forster explained they were not mentioned.

O'Shea, member for Clare, said Boynton, Egan and Davitt were mentioned.

Parnell continued. He had been challenged to defend himself but he had nothing to defend himself from. He occupied a better position in the eyes of the Irish people than did Forster in England. Forster was also guilty. His unfairness was shocking. Parnell analyzed the evidence of Carey, which, he said, was not a statement of facts but a belief on hearsay. It had been already disproved as regards Mrs. Byrne. Evidence in reference to the source of the "murder fund," rested on the fact that some men who were in prison received checks from the sustenation fund of the land league. Such aid had been given thousands of prisoners. Forster's animus was due to the fact that he attempted to obtain a promise from him (Parnell) but failed to do so and lost his office.

As proof that the prisoners charged with the Phœnix park murders were not members of the land league Parnell pointed out that one of them returned a check sent from the sustenance fund, saying that he had nothing to do with the league.

Concluding, Parnell declared that the present officials of Ireland were manifestly unfit to administer the crimes act. Forster ought to return to his congenial work. He was hopeful that Ireland would weather this as she had weathered other formidable oppressions. Parnell spoke for thirty-five minutes.

Trevelyan, chief secretary for Ireland, vindicated the policy of the government in Ireland. Since the present government there had been commissioned to suppress crime the number of murders had been reduced from three monthly to one in the last four and a half months. The only policy for Ireland was to say exactly what the government meant to do and then do it. He regretted that Parnell had not made his position clear. Gorst's amendment was distasteful to the lord lieutenant of Ireland himself, and would, if carried, lead to the resignation of the cabinet. He thought nothing would be more fatal to Ireland than to hand the responsibility of its government over to local bodies. If the government were convinced that the life of any official or private person had been pointed at by inciting language of the press they would act again.

The Prince of Wales heard Parnell's speech. Parnell telegraphed, "Come to London and participate in the debate."

Justin McCarthy, member for Longford, has written Forster informing him that he will personally attack him during a speech which McCarthy intends to make in the commons.

Sir Stafford Northcote has given notice that he will move for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the matter of the release of Parnell, Dillon and Kelly from Kilmainham.

Congressional Proceedings.

HOUSE

WASHINGTON, February 23.—Caswell in committee of the whole offered an amendment to the sundry civil bill approving modification of the treaty and agreement made with the Sioux Indians under the last sundry civil act, appropriating $200,000 to enable the secretary of the interior to enter on the execution of said treaty and reserving to railroad companies right of way, depot grounds, etc., which have been paid for by them under agreement with those Indians.

On motion of Valentine the amendment was amended by the addition of a provision confirming all selections of land in severalty heretofore made by Santee Sioux on their reservation in Nebraska.

The amendment as amended was adopted.

The committee then rose and reported the bill to the house. It being rumored that the friends of the bonded spirits bill had organized their forces for an attempt to call up that measure at the night session the house, on motion of Hiscock and without passing the sundry civil bill, adjourned.

SENATE.

Allison submitted the report of the committee of conference on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill. Agreed to. The senate resumed consideration of the Utah bill. The pending question was on Blair's amendment making the prohibition of the bill apply only to persons tried and convicted of polygamy or bigamy instead of to all females as in the bill. Lost: ayes 6, noes 27.

Logan believed polygamy to be a cancer in the body politic which should be cut out by the roots; therefore he would vote for this bill or for any other legislation within constitutional limits to extirpate this evil, and if legislation should fail and he could have his way he would resort to stronger measures.

Call said this bill was a direct attack on the constitution of the United States and a flagrant insult to Christian religion, and argued that if congress was authorized to deprive a citizen of the right to vote because of any opinion he might entertain as to the propriety of having more than one wife, it would have an equal right to prescribe the possession of a dozen wives or the practice of strict celibacy as a necessary qualification for the exercise of the right of suffrage. Polygamy would be extinguished by attacks of the Christian religion and influences of civilization and our economic laws.

Ingalls moved to amend section seven of the bill so as to prohibit voting by women in any territory of the United States.

Edmunds opposed the amendment because he desired to confine the operation of this law to the special case for which it is framed and not to raise the general question of female suffrage.

After a discussion in which Jones of Florida, Beck, Garland and Maxey took part a vote was taken on Ingalls' amendment, resulting ayes 11, noes 29.

No quorum voting Pendleton moved to adjourn.

Edmunds demanded the ayes and noes and the vote resulted ayes 13, noes 16. At the call of the senate 36 senators answered, three less than a quorum.

Edmunds moved to instruct the sergeant-at-arms to request the immediate attendance of absent senators, and after a motion to adjourn was voted down this motion was agreed to; ayes 19, noes 11.

Yellowstone Park.

WASHINGTON, February 23. Senator Vest tried to-day to obtain consideration for his resolution with reference to the Yellowstone park. The resolution practically directs the secretary of war to use the army to set aside the contract made by the secretary of the interior.

There is a good deal of shame about this Yellowstone park matter which has not been exposed. Some days ago the Illinois legislature passed a vote of thanks to Senator Vest for his introduction of a bill to protect the game and natural curiosities of the park. Now it so happens that this bill introduced by Mr. Vest, for which he received such encomiums, was drawn by the attorney of the company which it was construed to attack. In other words, the very association of capitalists who proposed lease or used such a future throughout the country had this measure drawn and presented, and their attorney has since been at the capitol trying to stimulate action upon it. It is the company's bill, not Vest's. It is for the benefit of the company, not their demolition. The way the matter originated was that vandalism was observed in the park by the company's agents. If it was not put a stop to their lease would be of little or no value very soon. They informed the secretary of the interior of what was going on, and what measure they advised to check the destruction of animate and inanimate objects of interest. It was their attorney who constructed Vest's famous bill as the result, providing a penalty for killing all save clawed animals and reptiles and all birds, for firing a gun or using anything except a hook and line in the taking of fish, the interruption of the waterspouts and the mutilation of objects about the springs, etc., and Senator Vest will be the last man to deny that it is so. His own amendments to the original bill as drawn by the attorney of the company will not exceed six words in extent. The exclusive nature of the lease according to the original contract was dictated by Secretary Teller himself. He demanded this so as to be able to fix the responsibility for all that might take place within the reservation. He has maintained that if the park should be leased to one, one who desired it, it might as well be thrown open to homesteads, so far as keeping it for a preserve was concerned. By limiting the right to a single lessee, the secretary not only confined the responsibility to known sources, but the self interest of the parties to whom the lease might be granted would make them careful that no destruction of the attractions of the park was allowed. For the protection of the public against extortion by a monopoly, the secretary prescribed a price list from the actual blanking of a boot up to board and lodging, hack fare and boat hire, any violation of which entailed the penalty of forfeiture of lease.

It is rarely that a public officer is so careful or so skillful in reservations to secure the people against imposition as was Secretary Teller in this matter.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, February 23. Governments irregular, generally heavy; railroad bonds quiet, strong; state securities without feature. Stock market decidedly stronger. Near noon several lots of Wabash preferred and Pacific Mail were sold out under the rules for the account of Hatch & Peters, announced suspended on account of defalcation of cashier. These stocks brought from ½ to ¼ higher prices than those just preceding. The market was active and buoyant until two, when the advance experienced the first reaction of the day, declining until about 2:45, ¼ to 1½ per cent. but in the last 15 minutes the market became strong and part of the decline was recovered. The market closed strong, closing prices being ⅛ to 8% higher than Wednesday. The greatest advance to-day has been to Omaha preferred, 3½; St. Paul, 1½; Jersey Central, 2¼; Lackawanna, 1⅜; Wabash preferred, 1½; Reading, 1⅜; Northwestern, 1⅞; and Northern Pacific 1¾ common and 1¼ preferred. The advance in several others was nearly equal to those named and extended to a greater or less extent to the whole list. Transactions 446,000 shares.

Mining stocks very dull with the exception of Sierra Grande, which was active and irregular, declining from 3.50 to 3.00 and recovering to 3.25; Robinson Consolidated 1.15 and 1.10; Bodie 1.70; Hall Anderson 1.55 and 1.60, and Horn Silver 7.50 to 6.88, closing 7.13. Sales of the day 39,485 shares.

D. & R. G.	44¾	American Express	93½
K. & T.	10½	Erie	35⅞
Houston & Texas	71	Preferred	55
Missouri Pacific	99½	Texas Pacific	30½
N. Y. C.	125¾	U. S. Express	91
Wells Fargo	130	W. U. T.	81¼
Caribou	1⅜	Central Arizona	⅛
Quicksilver	8	Robinson	1
Preferred	40	Silver Cliff	⅜
Sutro	1⅝	Southern Pacific	8
Standard	6⅝	Panama	147

Mutiny of Convicts.

ST. LOUIS, February 23.—A Post-Dispatch special from Jefferson City gives the following account of a mutiny in the penitentiary: The convicts in the penitentiary had just returned to their shops from dinner to-day when a preconcerted mutiny broke out in the harness shop of Jacob Strauss & Co. Four men seized Van Dorn, foreman of the collar shop, and told him to remain quiet. Four men also seized Snider, foreman of the harness shop, and stripped him of his clothing. John B. Johnson, the ringleader, a highway robber, under sentence of twelve years, ran into the department where horse collars are stuffed and set a lot of loose straw on fire. In a moment the building with its three shops, harness, collar and whip, was on fire. Pandemonium prevailed. When the guards ran in with the hose, they were met by the convicts, who cut the hose. Johnson made an effort to escape over the walls, but despite the fact that he had a knife and club he was captured by Jones Tolin and put in a dungeon. His accomplices were also confined in dark cells.

The fire was got under control but has completely destroyed Strauss & Co.'s harness shop, collar shop and whip factory. Loss, $100,000. Glazier, boot and shoe company, loss $90,000; Mansfield shoe company, loss $30,000; State twine and broom machine shops, loss $40,000; Excelsior boom factory, loss $20,000. Total, with damage to minor state buildings, $300,000.

Missions and Politics.

BOSTON, February 23. Governor Butler proclaims April 5th fast day and especially exhorts ministers to feed their flocks with the divine word and not discourse on political or social topics.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES

Susan B. Anthony sailed for Liverpool.

Hon. James Gamble, ex-judge and congressman of Pennsylvania, is dead

Minister Lowell held a reception in London Thursday in honor of Washington's birthday.

Twenty persons were drowned Thursday by the wreck of a steamer in the Bosphorus.

President Paul Chadbourne of Amherst Agricultural college is lying at the point of death.

A powder explosion at East Portland, Oregon, yesterday severely injured ten Chinamen, one fatally.

An abundance of money is forthcoming for the defense of the prisoners charged with the Phœnix park murders.

A Huntsville, Texas, special says Col. Campbell shot dead A. C. Twohy, of the executive service. Both residents of Austin.

Wm L. Redendorf, of Tucson, Arizona, has made an assignment to S. M. Jacobs for the benefit of his creditors without preference. Liabilities, $150,000; assets believed to be in excess of liabilities.

Secretary Folger's condition is greatly improved. He is suffering from chills and fever. At first it was feared he had a severe attack of malarial fever and he might not recover, but all malignant symptoms have disappeared.

The funeral of S. J. Medill, late manager of the Chicago Tribune, occurred yesterday. Services were held at the residence of his brother, Hon. Joseph H. Medill. Friends sent a large number of floral tributes. The remains were followed to Calvary cemetery by a cortege of citizens, members of Press club and representatives of the press of the city and state.

OUT WEST.

Montrose celebrated Washington's birthday in splendid style.

Governor Grant was given a big reception at Gunnison City on Washington's birthday.

The distance from Denver to Salt Lake via the Denver & Rio Grande extension is 736 miles.

The snow blockade on the South Park has been raised and the road is again open for traffic.

The cattle men of Weld county estimate their loss from the recent storms at less than one per cent.

Plans are being prepared by the state board of agriculture for the new college buildings at Fort Collins.

The Leadville city council has managed to spend $125,000 in about nine months, or about $463 each day.

A convention of the temperance people of Colorado will be held at Denver during the coming summer.

Several more cases of small-pox have been reported at Leadville but the excitement has subsided somewhat.

Trinidad has a base ball nine in practice that proposes carrying off the laurels during the coming summer.

There is considerable excitement at Tucson, Arizona, over the discovery of rich mineral in the Santa Rita mountains.

In Denver during the year 1882, according to the report of the city clerk, $33,146.60 was received from retail liquor licenses.

COLLEGE NOTES.

Celebration of Washington's Birthday

By the Occidental Club and Irving Institute.

Other Items and Matters of Various Sorts.

Prayer-meeting at the college last Tuesday evening was better attended than several of late have been.

Mr. W. E. Sollette—probably I should say "Professor," for he is keeping school at Monument—came down Wednesday night for a short visit to the college people. Keeping school in Monument seems to be at times rather exciting business.

An effort was made to have a game of foot-ball Thursday afternoon between college and school boys. The teams were not chosen with very exact reference to their school relations, and then before one score had been made the game was stopped by the collapse of the ball. An attempt to get up a game of base-ball between college and school boys for to-day did not succeed.

I stated last week that water boils here at about 201° Fahrenheit or 83⅓° Centigrade. The latter should have been 93⅓° Centigrade.

According to honored custom there was vacation on Thursday, the students complying with the requirement for a celebration which the faculty are said to have made the condition of getting the holiday.

Mr. George Soule has gone to New Mexico. The Irving Institute loses an interested member, and the best wishes of its members for his health and prosperity will go out towards him.

The president of the junior class says that members of that class are to submit to the faculty for approval subjects for orations. The Junior Exhibition—"Jun. Ex." I suppose sounds more college-like—is set for the evening before Commencement.

It hardly appears dignified in a junior to fly kites and carry a china doll around in his pockets.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

I have made mention in the GAZETTE from time to time of the arrangements for a joint celebration of Washington's birthday by the two college societies. The affair was a success. The college chapel had been tastefully decorated with evergreens, under the charge of the committee of arrangements. In front was the flag of the republican central committee, kindly lent by Mr. Henry A. Wilson, and pictures of Presidents Washington, Lincoln and Garfield.

Prof. Tenney, who had been invited to preside, opened the proceedings with some remarks. He then called to the chair Professor [illegible], who had been selected as alternate.

The Rev. Dr. Willis Lord, D. D., who is [illegible] teaching at the college, offered the invocation.

A quartette, Misses Balmer and Knoblock, and Messrs. Balmer and Hinton, sang "Hail Columbia."

Mr. C. C. Wright, our senior, a member of the Irving institute, then delivered the annual address. The following is a brief abstract:

We have gathered to-day for a birthday celebration. And surely there is no day so appropriate to commemorate as the day of earth's birth. It is a day of joy and gladness; a day of hope and promise. It is the dawning of a new inspiration, the opening of immeasured possibilities, the prophecy of growth. On the other hand the day of death brings the wail of despair. "Though life dissolving lives again," its passing is a thing of sadness. It is the resting of an inspiration, the end of possibilities, the beginning of decay. It is well, then, that we celebrate the birth of the year rather than its close; the 25th of December than Good Friday. Hence, also, we celebrate the Fourth of July and the 22d of February—the births of a nation and its father.

To-day we celebrate the 151st anniversary of the birth of George Washington, who has been called "The Father of His Country;" nay, rather, let us say, the father of his and our country.

On such an occasion it is preeminently fitting that we consider, as far as time permits, the origin, growth and permanence of American institutions,—those institutions for which we fought, suffered, legislated and, more, lived. It is proper that we look to its origin, for there was nothing else which so engrossed his attention; its growth, because its industrial and moral prosperity was his chief delight; its permanence, because it was his anxious care even to the day of his death, and passing, he has charged us to maintain American institutions in their purity.

If you think to find the how and wherefore of the origin of any other nation, you will be overcome by the greatness of your task. A schoolboy can tell you how the American nation originated and its causes. The nation sprang into life on the 4th of July, 1776, by the passing of that immortal document, the declaration of Independence—a document remarkable at once for its moderation and its boldness, its simpleness and its irrefutable logic, its brevity and its completeness,—but above all for its manly tone.

Great as has been America's progress, that does not represent all her success. Were the American government to-day blotted out of existence, as far as time shall record, its influence would be the most potent of all human agencies yet unveiled, in the civilization of the world. The down-trodden of every race learn to repeat the name "America" with veneration and love.

Perhaps there is not one present who would not lay down his life for country, if necessity demanded it. This is grand. It is patriotism. But there is a higher love of country. There is a patriotism which not only demands that we die if necessity calls, but that we live day by day for country.

America has her Washington who struck the fetters from a nation, and by his true, lofty patriotism holds us with hooks of steel the admiration and love of a nation, nay, the world. Let his example ever be set stationary in the circle of perpetual apparition, by which the pilots of the ships of state may direct their course. Thus shall we become powerful, righteous, and permanent.

Miss Lizzie Doak of the Occidental club followed in a very brief recitation, "National Song."

Mr. Winn gave some flute music, accompanied by Miss Estabrook at the piano.

Mr. George F. Owen, Occidental, read an essay on La Fayette largely devoted to a sketch of his life.

Mr. E. B. Curtis, Irving, declaimed an extract from Sumner, "Examples Suggested to the Student."

Mr. J. B. Knoblock performed a cornet solo and received the only encore of the evening, to which he responded.

Miss Winnie Estabrook, Irving, read an essay on "Women of the Revolution," giving some account of Mary and Martha Washington—the former of whom it seems had a somewhat peppery temper while the latter occasionally gave George curtain lectures. Abegail Adams, Mollie Stark, and others, and ending up with an implied expression about woman agitators.

"Washington as a General," an oration by Mr. F. E. Johnson, Occidental, praising very highly the general of the continental forces closed the literary exercises.

A little of "America" closed the performance.

REMARKS.

The chapel was crowded very uncomfortably full.

Every exercise seemed to be well received.

Among those in attendance were Hon. J. H. Kerr, Dr. T. C. Kirkwood, Mrs. M. F. Shields, Rev. James B. Grant and Mr. A. H. Corman, of the Republic.

Mr. and Miss Knoblock and Mr. Winn, who are not connected with either society, receive thanks for their kind assistance about music.

The committee of arrangements did their work well. Mr. Henry especially seems entitled to mention.

The performance took too much time by nearly an hour, not closing till almost ten o'clock. There were too many performers and some of the exercises were too long. The annual address lasted about twenty-four minutes. Fifteen would have been far better. The essays occupied about sixteen minutes apiece, too much by six minutes. I cheerfully give Miss Doak credit for using only four minutes. Next time it would be better to have not over four performers and limit the literary part of the programme to an hour.

One feature of the affair will hardly be considered a fault, its enthusiasm. This is indeed a great country, but will hardly justify Mr. Wright's rosy-hued picture. George Washington can hardly be claimed as one of the world's great generals, LaFayette does not seem to have been a very extraordinary man, nor is it easy to see that Mary Washington was a very remarkable woman.

"Lady" Washington and "Washington's Court" are not very good republican words, but they are valuable for throwing some light on the "simplicity" of those old days.

LEADVILLE.

Old Theories Exploded—How Stock Companies Came to be the Fashion.

LEADVILLE, February 22, 1883.

Every year witnesses the explosion of some pet theory concerning the character and position of the ore bodies of the carbonate camp. In 1877 it was the current belief that the ore bodies all lay near the surface, because the first discoveries had been made at shallow depth. For a year afterward, hundreds of shafts were started under this delusion, in ground since proven to be extremely valuable, and quickly abandoned because there were no signs of mineral near the surface. In other cases the prospector, perhaps poor in purse but rich in pluck, continued his work in the delusive but enticing hope that the next ten feet would disclose the contact and reward his perseverance, notwithstanding the coveted ore body lay hundreds of feet below. Your true-blue miner never loses his grit and seldom his grip, and in some cases these old shafts are, still slowly creeping downward with the same strong arms at the pick and windlass that threw the first dirt from the surface. A remarkable instance of this character came under my observation last fall, while riding through a well preserved grove of pines on Long and Derry hill. I suddenly came upon an immense dump, a bird's-eye prospect as large as to nearly represent a time-worn log shaft house. An old shaft stood near by. There were signs that work was in progress. I looked for a speck at it, but none was visible. Could it be possible that all this immense dump has been hoisted with a windlass? A tall, sinewy man came out of the shaft house and greeted me. Would I look at the last "truck" he had taken out and give him my opinion about his prospects for striking mineral? Said he, "My partner and I have sunk this shaft 340 feet with a windlass and you can see all we have got so far. We are going to sink to China unless we get mineral." With all his hardiness this heroic prospector looked careworn and anxious. His was almost a case of desperation. He had even become doubtful, and he craved a word of encouragement. Yet this venture had become a part of his being and he had no more thought of giving it up than of dying. Such characters among miners are not rare in kind but this was an extreme case in degree.

When it came to be well understood that throughout the greater portion of the camp the ore bodies would have to be sought hundreds of feet below the surface, and that in most cases large volumes of water would have to be handled by expensive appliances, many poor prospectors suspended work on their claims and either sold them for a song or waited for something to turn up. Out of this state of affairs grew the mania for organizing stock companies. It was reasoned that by consolidating contiguous properties, combining resources and concentrating work at one point instead of diffusing it over many claims, the obstacles to thorough and successful work could be overcome, to the great advantage of all concerned. It was also held that outside help could be more easily secured through the sale of company stock than by ordinary sale of fractional interests in the properties. This was all perfectly legitimate, if carried out in good faith and seemed feasible at the time. It has been found in practice, however, that whenever a consolidation has been effected and a company organized on this plan, the greater portion of the original owners of the contiguous properties consolidated have considered themselves absolved from any responsibility to aid in raising a development fund. They have been perfectly willing that others should bear the burden of making their stock valuable. Assistance from without has always fallen short of anticipation, and when the work of development has been prosecuted the expense has borne by a few of the faithful until frequently the burden has become too heavy to be carried. Some of the finest properties in the camp are to-day in the hands of companies whose officers are honest but whose treasuries are empty. Their intentions are good but their purses are strangely limited. In some of these companies have been formed their properties in order to have them developed. In others the property will remain idle until such time as rich strikes in the immediate neighborhood shall prove the territory to be valuable beyond question. In other cases still, and the wildest companies have been organized for the express purpose of leeching the gold from the people of the East. Strange as it may seem, the wildest have always been more successful in disposing of their worthless stock than meritorious companies in raising development funds to be legitimately expended. The history of mining as a business, and especially of stock companies, now so general in the camp, is largely due to the operations of these bogus companies. The legitimate organization necessarily suffer and the whole industry is brought into disrepute. Our late legislature might have done a great service to the state by passing a law to wipe all wildcat mining companies out of existence.

J. L. LOOMIS.

A New Firm.

We are in receipt of the following circular from one of our former townsmen, which will explain itself:

DENVER, Feb. 21st, 1883.

The undersigned, formerly of Colorado Springs, has located in Denver, and associated him. If with Judge O. A. Whittemore, a old resident, for the purpose of conducting general real estate, loan and agency business in Colorado.

Both members of our firm enjoy a large acquaintance in Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, and other towns of the state, and a familiar with values of real estate at the above and other points in Colorado.

We have made the care of property for non-residents, as well as citizens of Colorado, special feature in our business, and can offer you our services with the assurance that any property you may entrust with us will receive our best attention, care and judgment; the latter of which has been acquired by some years of experience in the business.

Judge Whittemore has resided in Colorado since 1859, and the undersigned since 1873.

We have on our books, for sale, some of the best property in Denver, improved and unimproved, and also property in other Colorado towns, to which we invite your attention.

We are now engaged on a revised list, and will take pleasure in sending you a copy on application when issued from the press.

In loans, we can offer you good real estate security, with wide margin, and interest from eight to ten per cent. per annum; this branch of our business receives careful attention, as loans of the best class only are sought by us.

If you have any interests in Denver, or elsewhere in the state, and need the service of agents, we shall be glad to correspond with you; and when in our city shall be pleased to have you call on us.

Respectfully yours,

CHAS. HALLOWELL,

Of the firm of Whittemore & Hallowell.

Lucky Thieves.

CHICAGO, February 23.—Last night two well known thieves, Eddie Dyson and Jack Ryan, went to Joliet, robbed a store of $3,500 worth of silks and checked a trunk containing them for Chicago. The baggage man in handling it felt the bales of silk jolting and supposed they were bodies. He telegraphed to Chicago and on arrival here the two thieves were arrested and taken to Joliet.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

DAILY GAZETTE

THE GAZETTE PU[illegible] COMPANY.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

DAILY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24 1883

Trade Schools for Women

Boston Journal

The idea of systematic instruction of women in the industrial arts has been successfully developed in Paris, according to a writer to the London Times Since the month of May, 1863, when for the first time a school for the education of women in industrial employments made an humble beginning, the work has achieved results far beyond the most sanguine expectations of the original promoters of the scheme. Not only in Paris, but throughout all France, schools that teach particular trades to women have been formed In one, which has not been in existence more than eleven years, nearly two thousand young women have received thorough training in the particular trades chosen, either in millinery, dress-making and all kinds of needlework, or in wood engraving, painting on porcelain or in designing The system followed was to divide the pupils into four classes, the first class being supplied a general education, the second, a training for purely commercial purposes, the third were given the art education, with a view to industrial occupations, and the fourth, practical teaching in certain trades Workshops affiliated to the school by a pecuniary arrangement furnished actual practice in the industries taught So successful have been the schools arranged upon this plan, and so superior have the graduates been in their work that particular trades have established schools for the express purpose of fitting their own workwomen in the trades not taught in the large schools, as in the brass and copper trade and in the manufacture of clocks and watches As a result of this system of instruction we see young women engaged not only in millinery and dressmaking, the occupations supposed to belong especially to women but in the manufacture of metals, in typography and binding, in leather manufactures, in chemical works and in many other branches of industry which formerly were engaged in by men only

Though to France, and especially to the city of Paris, belongs the credit of establishing technical schools for women, the idea, though new, is popular in England as well as in America, and instruction can be obtained not in one school in one course, but in various schools and in various courses, training for commercial purposes being obtained here and instruction in needle-work, or in art being supplied there It has been recognized that while it is necessary for many women to join the ranks of the world's laborers, it is also necessary that woman should be proficient in her trade in order to compete advantageously, and the fact that to day so many inferior laborers are in want in the large cities emphasizes the necessity of technical education Granting that proper training is essential to all women who are to take part in the industrial employments, and acknowledging that we in America appreciate this necessity, the question remains Ought we to be satisfied with the present condition of technical training for women, or ought we to strive for system and organization '

Turned Gray in a Night.

Boston Journal

Many remarkable tales have been told of persons who, by reason of fright or other causes, have found that their hair has turned white in a single night. But there is not, we believe, anywhere on record a case where a person went to bed at night in a calm state of mind, rested soundly until daylight, and awoke in the morning to find that during sleep his or her hair had changed from ebony to silver That is to say, there never was such a case until last week, when just this sort of an incident occurred in Boston The subject was a lady, who retired at her usual hour, taking with her to her room an other and an elderly lady, a visitor, who had arrived late in the day, and for whom no other accommodation could be arranged The subject of this incident was noted for the fineness and beauty of her hair, which was told by good judges -people who had been abroad and were acquainted with the appearance of ravens to rival the raven's wing in blackness and lustre Being blessed with a good conscience, and having eaten nothing indigestible at supper, the lady slept peacefully during the night, and awoke refreshed in the morning

But on looking toward the mirror she saw that her hair, instead of being black, as when she went to bed was plentifully streaked with gray. She sprang up at once to assure herself by a nearer survey, and had just become convinced that her first view was correct, when at that moment her elderly companion, who had already dressed and gone down stairs, entered the room, and with the words, "It was so dark when I got up that I put on the wrong switch,' replaced upon the bureau a black and glossy coil catching up then the gray tresses that had for a moment so alarmed the younger lady, she deftly arranged them in their appropriate place, and again quietly withdrew

The Michigan Contest

DETROIT February 23 —Six ballots were taken to-day Democrats complimented three leading men of their party in different ballots, concentrating their vote on them Ferry and Palmer began with 30, the same as yesterday, and ended 31, Stockbridge 12, ending 20, largest scored him, George Willis began 17, ended 16, remainder scattering

Bad Boiler Burst

ST PAUL, February 24 —The boiler in Hanholzer's brewery exploded this morning, wounding eleven persons, none fatally Among them were five women who were after malt. Loss between $15,000 and $20,000

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Charles Ayer, deceased The undersigned having been appointed administratrix of the estate of Charles Ayer, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs at the February term, on the last Monday in February next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned

Dated this 29th day of January, A D 1883.
wb-34 CAROLINE M AYER, Administratrix.

PERFECTION

Has at last been attained!

Call on

W. J. [illegible], Agt.,

[illegible]

Second door north of the Gazette office, and he will convince you beyond a doubt that the

BEST CONSTRUCTED
GIHTEST RUNNING!
MOST RELIABLE

Sewing Machine in the market is the

[illegible]

wh24-3m

Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper,
[illegible]
Also [illegible]

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue and authority of a writ of execution issued to me in the office of the clerk of the county court within and for the county of El Paso, state of Colorado, dated February 8th, A D 1883, in favor of Hopkins & Cowper plaintiffs, and against Louise Thomas, defendant, and to me directed wherein I am commanded to make the sum of three hundred and sixty-one dollars and twenty-four cents ($361 24) debt and the further sum of thirty two dollars and ten cents ($32 10) costs and such further costs as may accrue, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest and claim of the above named defendant, of in and to the following described personal property, to wit One (1) sofa three (3) parlor chairs, two (2) patent rockers two (2) bedsteads two (2) mattresses two (2) bed springs, two (2) bureaus, two (2) washstands, and sixteen (16) pieces of crockery, which I will on Saturday, the 24th day of February, 1883 at the hour of 10 o clock in the forenoon of said day, at the store room lately occupied by C C Clark on the north side of Pike s Peak avenue in the city of Colorado Springs county of El Paso and state of Colorado sell at public auction per cash, to the highest bidder all the right, title interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant in and to the above described personal property or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs

LO C DANA Sheriff

By L J Tell Deputy
Dated this 10th day of February, A D 1883.
b-11 td

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Reuben Cone, deceased The undersigned having been appointed administratrix, with the will annexed of the last will and testament of Reuben Cone, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of El Paso county at the court house in Colorado Springs at the February term, on the last Monday in February next at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned

Dated this 29th day of January, A D 1883
HARRIET CONE Administratrix
With the will annexed
wb-34

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the matter of the estate of Sena Martin, deceased Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 26th day of March A D 1883, being one of the regular days of the March term of the county court of El Paso county in the state of Colorado, I David J Martin administrator of said estate, will appear before the judge of said court, present my final settlement as such administrator, pray the approval of the same and will then apply to be discharged as such administrator At which time and place any person in interest may appear and present objections to the same if any there be

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado,
DAVID J MARTIN,
Administrator of the estate of Lena Martin deceased
wb-17 5

STERN BROTHERS,

LEADING HOUSE
FOR

DRY GOODS, SUITS,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES REQUIRED FOR

Ladies', Children's & Gents' Wear,

WILL ISSUE THEIR

FALL CATALOGUE

OF 140 PAGES, EXTENSIVELY ILLUSTRATED WITH FULL DESCRIPTIONS OF FALL STYLES AND PRICES ABOUT SEPTEMBER 20, AND WILL MAIL THE SAME ON RECEIPT OF 5 CENTS FOR POSTAGE.

32, 34 & 36 West 20th St.,

NEW YORK CITY.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Raymond F. Murray, deceased The undersigned having been appointed administratrix of the estate of Raymond F Murray, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs at the February term, on the last Monday in February next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 29th day of January, A D 1883
wb-34 JANE N. MURRAY, Administratrix.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the matter of the estate of Martin Sprock, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that on Monday, the 26th day of February, A. D. 1883, being one of the regular days of the February term of the county court of El Paso county in the state of Colorado, I Mary P. Keller, formerly Sprock, administratrix of said estate, will appear before the judge of said court, present my final settlement as such administratrix, pray the approval of the same, and will then apply to be discharged as such administratrix At which time and place any person in interest may appear and present objections to the same if any there be.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, January 29 1883.

MARY P. KELLER, formerly Sprock,
Administratrix of the estate of Martin Sprock deceased.
wb-34

By Universal Accord,

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, proves them the best and most effectual purgative Pill that medical science can devise Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use, and being sugar coated, they are pleasant to take In intrinsic value and curative powers no other Pills can be compared with them, and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them, when needed They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life Mild, searching and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakened constitutions, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required

For sale by all druggists

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Joseph C Jones, deceased The undersigned, having been appointed administrator of the estate of Joseph C. Jones, late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs at the March term, on the last Monday in March next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned

Dated this 13th day of February, A. D. 1883.
THOMAS JONES Administrator
wb-24

Host [illegible] Stomach Bitters gives steadiness to the nerves induces healthy natural bowel action, counteracts malaria, gently stimulates the circulation, and by promoting a vigorous condition of the physical system promotes also that cheerfulness so within the exact limitation of a well balanced condition of all the animal powers. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally

dwsl ly

WANTED.

WANTED—A first-class cook Apply at Mr Carpenter's, N Tejon street b-34 2*

WANTED—A partner in the restaurant business A good location and everything first class Address box 416 Colorado Springs Col. b-18-tf

WANTED Second hand furniture stoves cook pots, &c. at Ashby s. Will exchange new furniture, glassware &c a-11 tf

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—One five-room furnished cottage six doors south of Spaulding House Tejon street Apply on premises for particulars A Blood b-30-tf

FOR RENT—Two large pleasant rooms with or without board in a private family Address H box 190 a-24-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE My residence on Nevada avenue on better but cottage in the city five rooms front and back halls closets very large cellar, inside finished in hard oil cheap if taken soon also adjoining lot facing south and west fronting 140 feet on Nevada avenue Said corner is set out with the most complete selection of fancy small fruits in Colorado, which will pay 20 per cent net upon the price asked, as an investment. One of the most desirable corners in the city E R Conner, Auditor's office, C & R. R. Co b-24 tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—A top buggy in good condition Price $65 Address P O box 334. b-13-tf

FOR SALE—Old papers for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

LOST

LOST—Large steel stirrup and leather Finder please return to Everleth & Taylor 1*

LOST—On Thursday, a gold bar pin with a ram s head at each end b-30-3*

GOOD BUSINESS CHANCE CHEAP!

I offer my business entire, boarding house furniture, feed stable and meat business at Fremont ville Colliery, doing $18,000 business per year, for $1,000 Call soon or write.

C. W. KIRK,
b-10 1m* Fremontville, El Paso Co., Colo.

Colorado for Invalids

By DR. S. E. SOLLY,

HOT SPRINGS

—AT—

HOWBERT BROS

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom It restores gray hair to its original color. It makes the scalp white and clean It cures dandruff and humors, and falling-out of the hair It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It makes the hair moist, soft and glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects are in a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men, and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. The popularity of Hall's Hair Renewer has increased with the test of many years, both in this country and in foreign lands, and it is now known and used in all the civilized countries of the world

For sale by all dealers.

FORSYTH'S SCALES

U. S. Standard,

Of all descriptions, consisting of

COUNTER, GROCER, PLATFORM, WAREHOUSE, STOCK, HAY AND RAILWAY TRACK SCALES.

PRICES AT BED ROCK

—Brinkerhoff, Bunell & Joliet

BARB FENCE WIRE,

Bob Sleds and Sleighs,

Dederick Hay Presses, Steel Wire Bale Ties

Largest Stock of

Agricultural Implements

In the State.

Address for circulars,

H. J. KINSEY, Denver, Colo.

LAND SCRIP.

We deal in all issues of Government Land Scrip which includes

Surveyors' General Certificates
Iowa Half Breed Scrip.
Valentine Scrip.
Porterfield Scrip.
Land Warrants, etc.

Full information furnished on application. Orders by wire or mail will receive prompt attention

PRESTON, KEAN & CO.,
Bankers, Chicago.
a-14-3m

WHIPPLE & ROBY

Contractors and Builders,

NEVADA AVENUE.

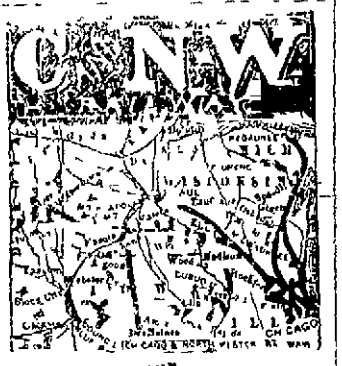
o-27 1*

THE CLIFF HOUSE

At Manitou Springs Col.

is in first-class shape for the season Parties looking for board at Manitou will do well to look at this new and delightful hotel Reduced rates made for families by the week

E. R. WILLIAMS Proprietor



THE —

Chicago & North-Western

RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST, BEST CONSTRUCTED, BEST EQUIPPED and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTHWEST

It is the SHORT, SURE and SAFE route between

Council Bluffs

—AND—

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE

And all points East, such as

Niagara Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Toronto Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago North Western and the U P R R depart from, arrive at and use the same joint union depot.

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle routes.

Palace Drawing Room Cars

are run on all through trains of this road

It is the ONLY ROAD between

COUNCIL BLUFFS and CHICAGO

Upon which is run the celebrated

Imperial Dining Cars.

[illegible] that wants selling you tickets via this line remember you can always secure the best accommodations at the lowest rates over this Old Reliable North Western railway

If you want the best travelling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All ticket agents sell tickets by this line

M. A. WALKER,
W. H. HANCOCK, General Agent.
Chicago.

Window Shade Work Done b-11 tf

Nothing Short of Unmistakable Benefits

Conferred upon tens of thousands of sufferers could originate and maintain the reputation which AYER'S SARSAPARILLA enjoys It is a compound of the best vegetable alteratives, with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, all powerful blood making blood-cleansing and life-sustaining and is the most effectual of all remedies for scrofulous, mercurial, or blood disorders. Uniformly successful and certain, it produces rapid and complete cures of Scrofula, Sores, Boils, Humors, Pimples, Eruptions, Skin Diseases and all disorders arising from impurity of the blood. By its invigorating effects it always relieves and often cures Liver Complaints, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, and is a potent restorer of nerve vitality. For purifying the blood it has no equal It tones up the system, restores and preserves the health, and imparts vigor and energy. For forty years it has been in extensive use, and is to-day the most available medicine for the suffering sick

For sale by all druggists.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 8, 1883

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Contract company for the election of directors will be held at the Continental hotel, Philadelphia, on the 6th day of March, 1883, at eleven a. m. Polls remaining open until twelve m. said day.

CHAS. W. DRAKE, Secretary

In the Whole History of Medicine

No preparation has ever performed such marvellous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs Its long continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and chest disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will From their knowledge of its composition and operation, physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its healing effects, and will always cure where cures are possible

For sale by all druggists.

National Bank,

OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

Capital,	$50,000
Surplus,	10,000

[illegible]
President
[illegible]
Cashier
J. E. WHEELER,
Asst Cashier

Buys and sells foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business d-117

C. F. DAWSON,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENT

Insurance Carefully Written in the Very Best of Companies.

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED REAL ESTATE FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses for Rent

MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

"HUNGARIAN PATENT PROCESS"

Of making Flour is now being used at the

Rough & Ready Mills.

The above process consists in passing the wheat between rolls of steel and porcelain rolls instead of the ancient method of grinding between stones Uses none other Your cook will never complain

of Rough & Ready b-24 tf

NOTICE TO ART LOVING GROCERS

You Will

AT

SMITH BROS.' MODEL SHOE AND CLOTHING HOUSE

a Handsome Line of Goods suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

SUCH AS

Canes, Silk Umbrellas, Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Pulse Warmers, Mufflers, Neck Wear, Pocket Knives, Gents' Jewelry, Slippers, Gloves, Silk Suspenders, Smoking Caps, Etc.

Call and See Them.

RESPECTFULLY,

SMITH BROS.

[illegible] Pike's Peak Ave d-19 1y

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW BLOOD,

And will surely cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Costiveness, Dizziness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Piles, and all diseases caused by disordered Liver, Stomach, or Blood. Those who will take 1 Pill at night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to perfect health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Sick Headache, Constipation and Piles they are unequaled. Purely vegetable, and never fail to give perfect satisfaction when used according to directions. Every box is sugar coated, so that they may be taken by children without pain. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents a box. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA

CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instantaneously relieve the severest pain, distress and will positively cure nine cases out of ten Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Buy of your druggist and try it.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (For Internal and External Use) CURES Rheumatism, Sciatica, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Burns, Frost Bites, Sprains, Bruises, Backache, Pains in the Chest, Sides, Back and Limbs, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Pains in the Stomach, Colic, Cramps, Spasms, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Hysteria, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and Ears, Felons, Whitlows, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Pneumonia, and Consumption. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. Johnson & Co. BOSTON, Mass.

Any druggist in the country can procure for you the Sheridan Condition Powders and Sheridan's Cough Balsam of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here will do more work than any other powders sold in the country. Sheridan's Powders are not only a sure and safe cure for all diseases of the Horse and Cattle, but are invaluable as a preventive. Nothing on earth will make horses lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Full directions with each package. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, or sent by mail on receipt of price. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

P. B. ROBINSON, wholesale and retail agents dwj 18-1y

MAKI HINSTAY

The Gazette Office

JOB DEPARTMENT AND BINDERY

ARE BY FAR THE

Best Equipped and Most Complete

IN COLORADO

During the past year we have kept continually adding

NEW MACHINERY AND MATERIAL

And our facilities for doing

Printing Work,

Are now better than ever

IN THE JOB DEPARTMENT

We are prepared to do the very

BEST OF WORK

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Our Work Will Always Bear Inspection and We Defy Competition in Prices

GIVE US YOUR ORDERS FOR

Note Heads, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Visiting Cards, Dodgers, Statements, Business Cards, Circulars and Printing of all Descriptions.

The Bindery

Is now fully established and under the management of a competent and experienced foreman We can turn out work equal in every respect to that done at the east and at moderate prices

Especial Attention Given to the Binding of Magazines and Periodicals

BLANK BOOKS

Of Any Size and Style Gotten Up on Short Notice.

DAILY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1883.

THE TAIL.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Leave Manitou.
8:30 a. m.	9:00 a. m.
12:30 p. m.	12:50 p. m.
4:40 p. m.	5:40 p. m.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

Trains going South.	Trains going North.
No. 4 arrives 11:05 a. m.	No. 2 arrives 4:25 p. m.
No. 1 leaves 11:30 a. m.	No. 3 leaves 4:30 p. m.
No. 8 arrives 10:30 p. m.	No. 4 arrives 4:50 p. m.
No. 5 leaves 10:50 p. m.	No. 6 leaves 4:55 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville Path-way, leaving their cars on the track. Passengers walked over the divide, riding through the Royal Gorge, on the C. and Cripple.

For further information call on or address

J. M. TAYLOR, Agent.

Hon. W. S. Jackson returned from the East last night.

The last number of the National Hotel Reporter contains an article on our new hotel.

Hundreds of people were blown through the new hotel by the janitor on Washington's birthday.

Marshal Smith was in the city yesterday evening and left on the afternoon train.

Mr. F. G. Hinkle, [illegible] of the Chicago & Alton railway, is registered at the Colorado Springs hotel.

County Commissioner C. A. Monroe, of Chaffee county, and a resident of Buena Vista, was in the city Sunday.

The first quarterly examination of Wm. Penn county [illegible] in Judge Court House, by under the direction of Mr.

A very pleasant [illegible] made the acquaintance of the C[illegible] church [illegible] last night at the [illegible] of Dist. J. H. Kerr.

[illegible] March 11th and 12th [illegible] will be [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[